AME 2002 Conference

Leadership and the Toyota Production System

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TSSC, Inc

Toyota Supplier Support Center (TSSC)

Formed 1992 in response to increasing interest in the Toyota Production System or TPS

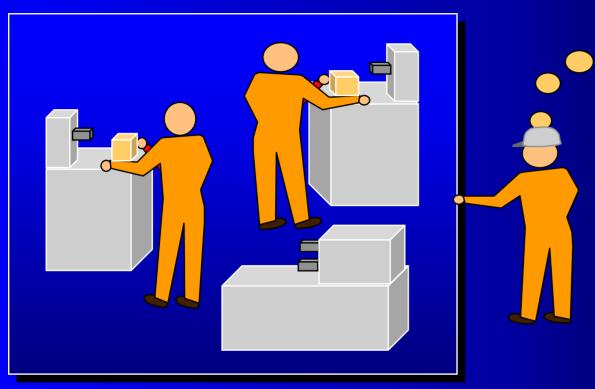


TSSC, Inc.

After 10 years experience in supporting North American companies to implement TPS, TSSC, Inc has been formed in May 2002.

Our focus is to work with companies outside of Toyota who have an interest in TPS and continue Toyota's contribution to society

TSSC, Inc



Why did this result happen? What is the principle?

Objective:

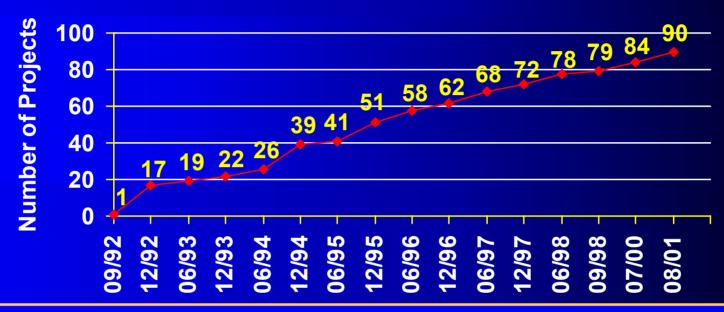
To assist North American companies in implementing their own version of TPS

Method:

Create learning through trying and reflecting

TSSC

Industries We Have Worked With: 1992 - Present



Products

Air Buota Glass

Air Ducts Heating/Cooling Sys.

Appliance Trim Hospital Beds

Body Panels Learning Aids for Blind

Engine Leather

Components Luggage Arm

Exhaust Sys. Office Furniture

Floor Mats Pneumatic Fasteners

Flywheels Powertrain Components

Food Mfg. Remanufactured Alternators

Gas Springs Seat Recliner Components

Shock Absorbers/Struts

Structural Components

Temp./Pressure Sensors

Toys

Trailer Towing Prod.

Trim (Int. Ext.; Door)

Weather Stripping

Winches

Windshield Wipers

Processes

Assembly

Casting

Forging

Machining

Plactic Moldin

Plastic Molding

Sewing

Stamping

Tanning, Cutting

Welding

Wire Forming



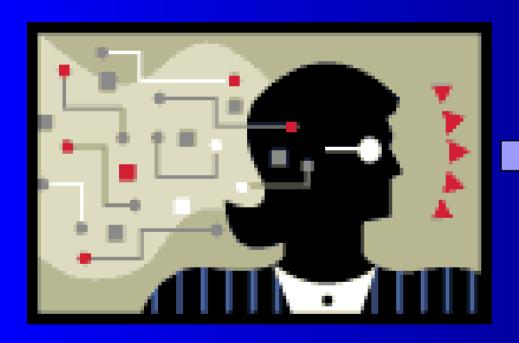
Characteristics of Successful TPS Companies

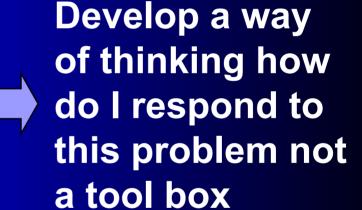
- "Plant First" philosophy: Learn TPS on the shop floor
- Enthusiasm for improvement
- Persistence
- Willing to start small, learn through trial and error

TSSC

Willing to start small, learn through trial and error

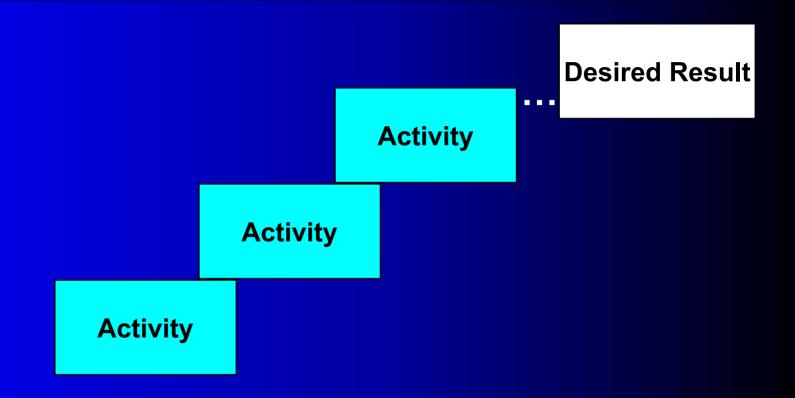
TPS is built on the scientific way of thinking







Willing to start small, learn through trial and error



Each activity builds on the other to achieve the desired result



TPS Vision of the Ideal – True North



What We Should Do, not What We Can Do

Customer Satisfaction

- 0 defects
- 100% value added
- 1x1, in sequence, on demand

Human Development

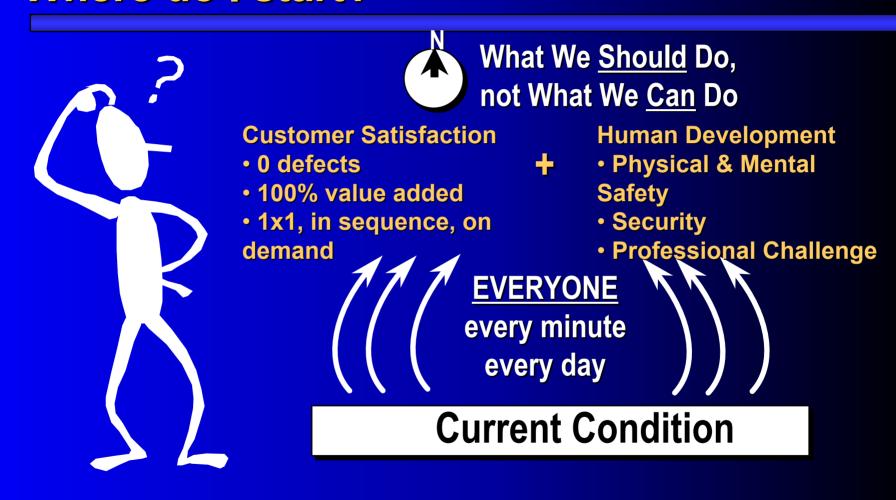
- Physical & Mental Safety
- Security
- Professional Challenge

EVERYONE every minute every day

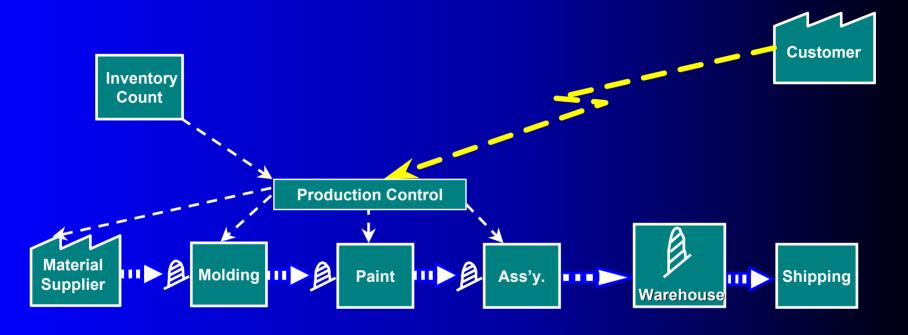
Current Condition



The Journey to True North Where do I start?



Where do I start? Analyzing the big picture?



Where does this lead us ...

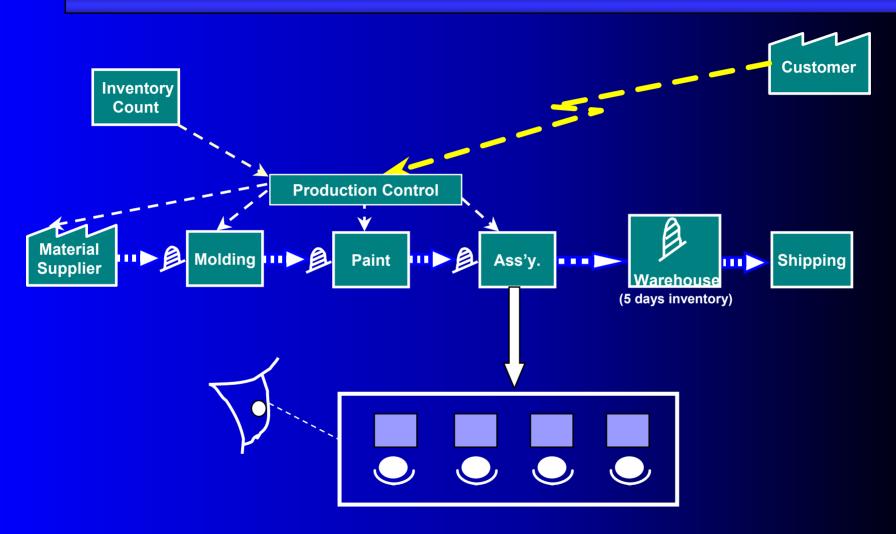


Analyzing the big picture? Customer Inventory Count No standard No quality -"Throw **Bad parts** sorting, rework people at the shipped Info. stagnation problem Large and rework Production info. **Production Control** Scrap warehouse not connected to customer Materia Molding III **Paint** Ass'v. Shipping Supplier Warehouse (5 days inventory) Large Long lead **Operators** "tied Uneven flow M/c are Long C/O to" one M/C Operator pace based time Quality through processes monuments on own decision Large lots standards unclear Inventory **Consuming Excess** covering Large batch Machine DT, no problems PM production, Resources Large M/C's with long changeover

- So many problems Again where do I start?
- Takes much time for investigation
 - -- People lose energy finding problems but not fixing
 - -- People become frustrated nothing is changing
- Looking only at the surface
 - -- What are we observing skill to see is not developed



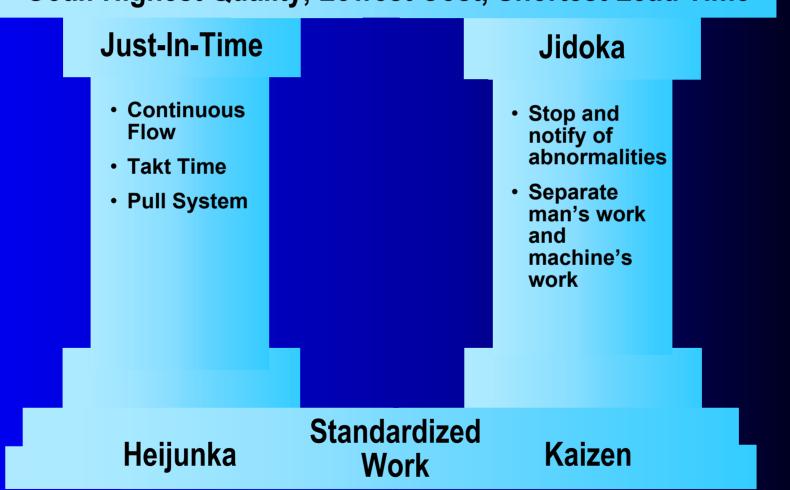
Where do I start?



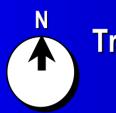
We start at the activity level

Foundation to TPS — Heijunka, Standardized Work and Kaizen

Goal: Highest Quality, Lowest Cost, Shortest Lead Time



How to See if Activity based on True North?

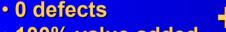


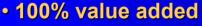
True North

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- Physical & Mental Safety
- Security

Human Development





Customer Satisfaction

 1x1, in sequence, on demand P P

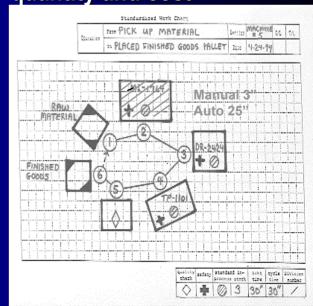




Current Condition

Standardized Work

The most efficient work flow - considering safety, quality, quantity and cost



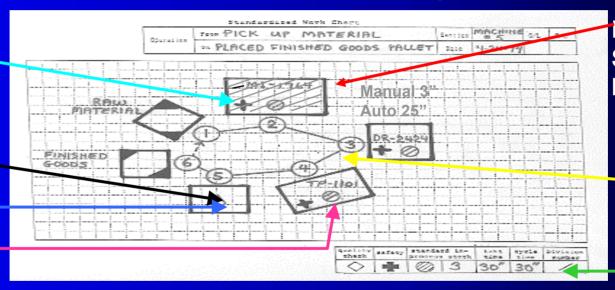
Standardized Work as the Window to True North

We say Physical and mental safety for people

This shows where we are applying

Physically - Safety guarding, procedures in place

Mentally – Team member confirmation of quality in their process



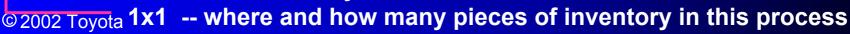
Kaizen Shows where Is my bottleneck

We say 0 defects; 100% value add; 1x1 on demand, in sequence This shows where we are applying:

0 defects – Each team member confirming own quality

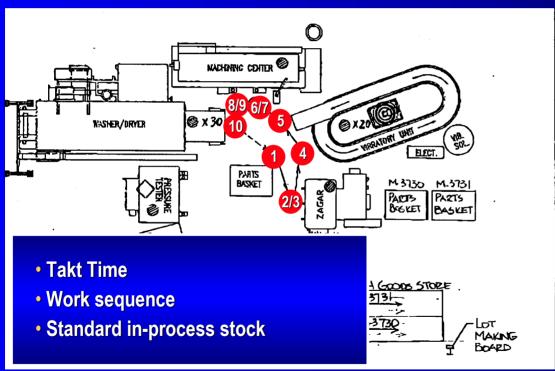
100% value add -- work flow is smooth, movement is minimized

-- cycle time = takt time



Most efficient work flow - considering safety, quality, quantity and cost

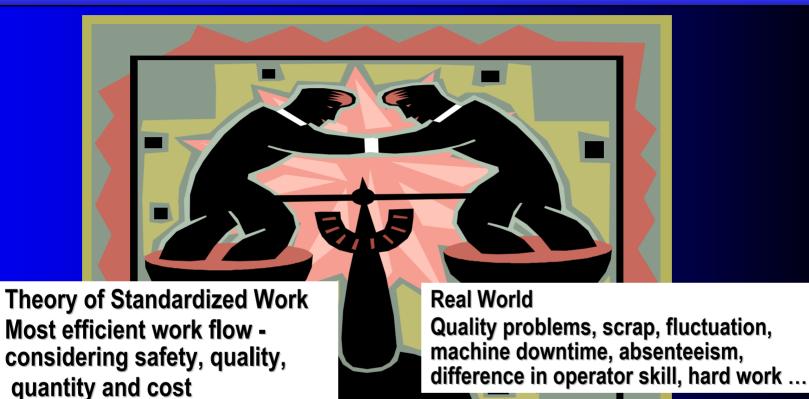
→ With the main consideration on human movement



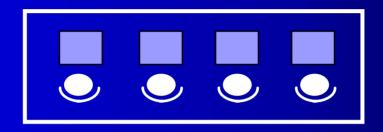


How can I create work so that it can be repeated?





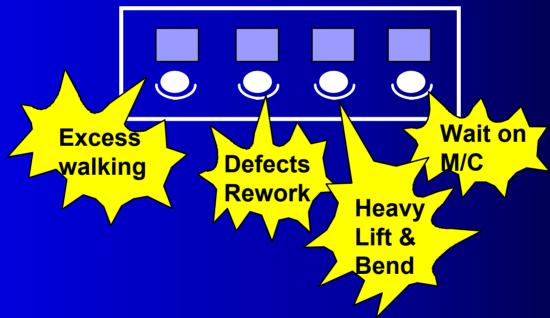
Leader must constantly strive overcome "real world" problems to create the condition for standardized work to happen



- **Baseline Create the work standard**
 - -- How the part should be assembled
 - -- What is ok/no good quality
 - -- How to confirm ok/no good



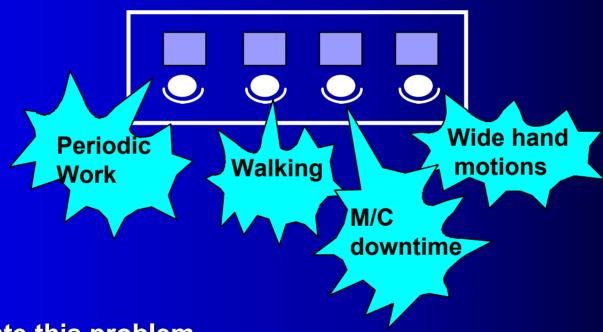
1. Identify what is preventing the operator from the most efficient work flow – considering safety, quality, quantity and cost?



- 2. Eliminate this problem
- 3. Evaluate
- 4. Standardize the work



1. Identify what is preventing the operator from the most efficient work flow – considering safety, quality, quantity and cost?

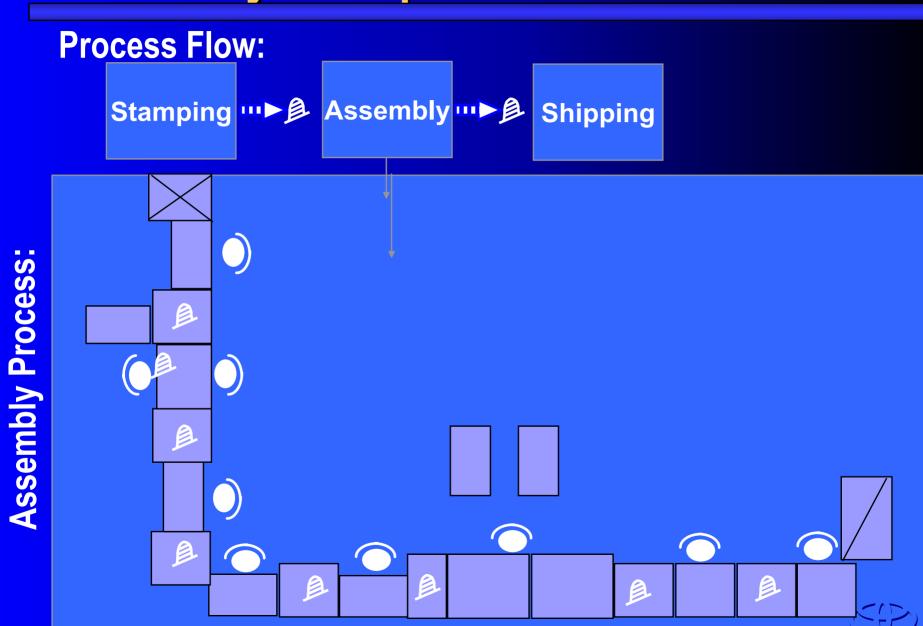


2. Eliminate this problem

- 3. Evaluate
- 4. Standardize the work



Case Study Example

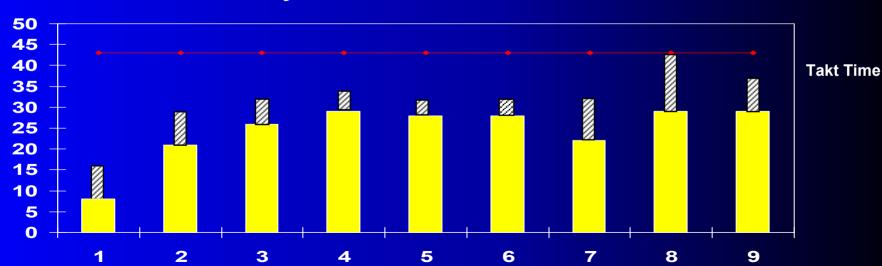


Case Study Example – Creating **Standardized Work**

Questions to ask: Can the operators follow the most efficient work flow – considering safety, quality, quantity and cost?

> Video: **Initial Condition – What is the biggest problem?**

Cost ↑ -- Cycle time < Takt time



Actual 9 operator – Σ CT 222" = 5 ops

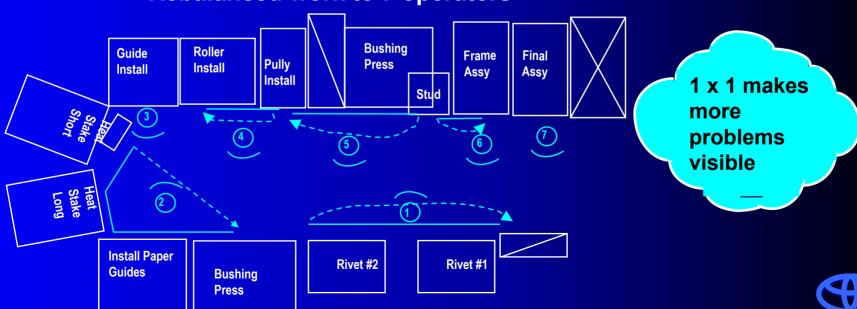


Case Study Example – Creating Standardized Work

Connect the operators to allow sharing of work

Video: Create 1 piece flow

- Connect all processes in sequence
- Remove sitting for operator flexibility
- Remove tables in between processes to minimize walk and location for inventory build
- > Reduce width of work stations to minimize walk
- Rebalanced work to 7 operators



Case Study Example – Creating Standardized Work

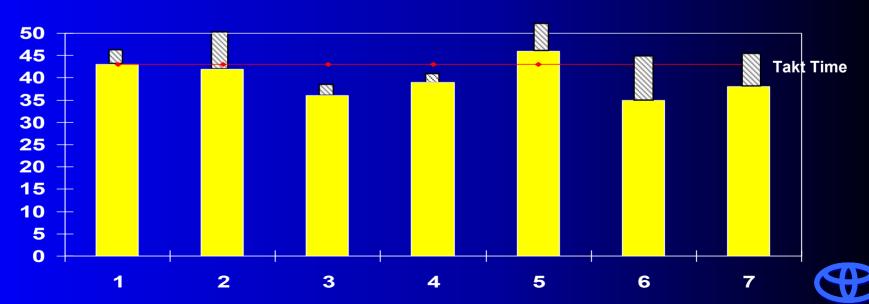
Questions to ask: Can the operators follow the most efficient work flow – considering safety, quality, quantity and cost?

Video:

After 1 piece flow - What is the biggest problem?



Operator # 5 CT > TT - can not meet output

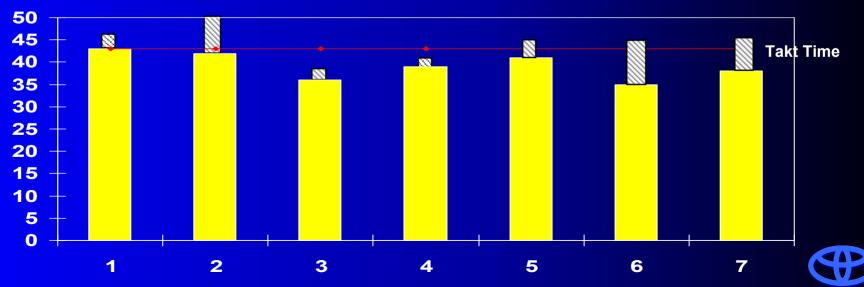


Case Study Example – Creating Standardized Work

Reduce waste in operators work

Video:

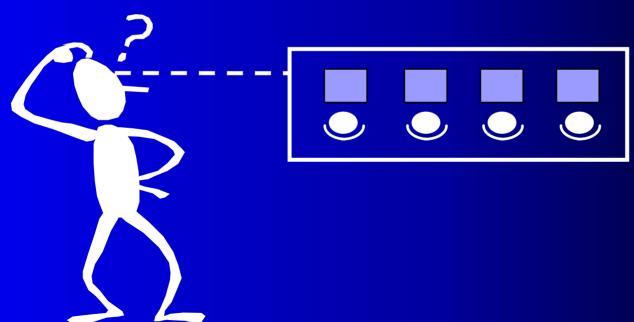
- Reduce empty walk
- Reduce reach for parts parts at point of use
- Standard in process stock and transfer position with downstream operator
- Work while machine works
- Reduce double handling auto part eject



Making the System Connection

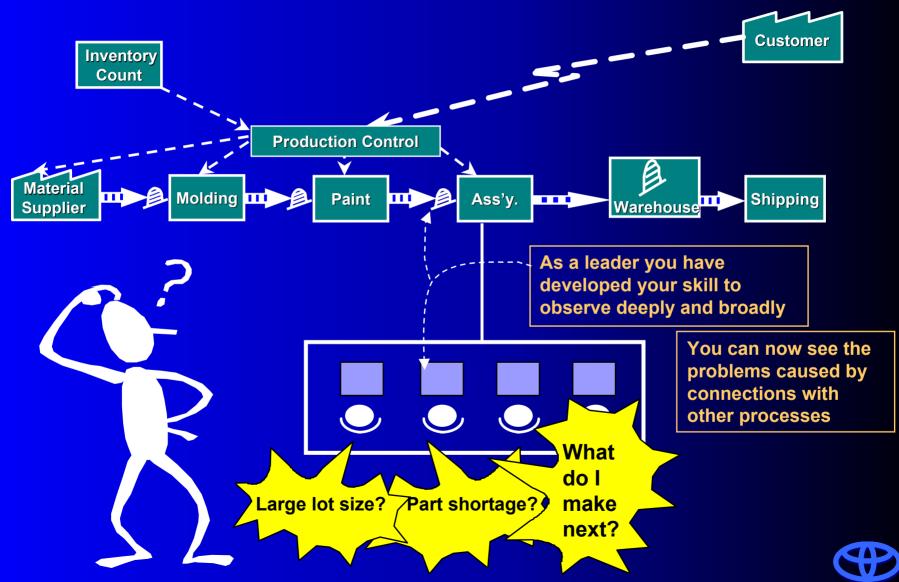
How can I make a better condition for standardized work?

- -- Output impacted by:
 - part shortages
 - high work content / lower work content parts
 - Large containers from upstream causing downtime to changeover
 - etc...

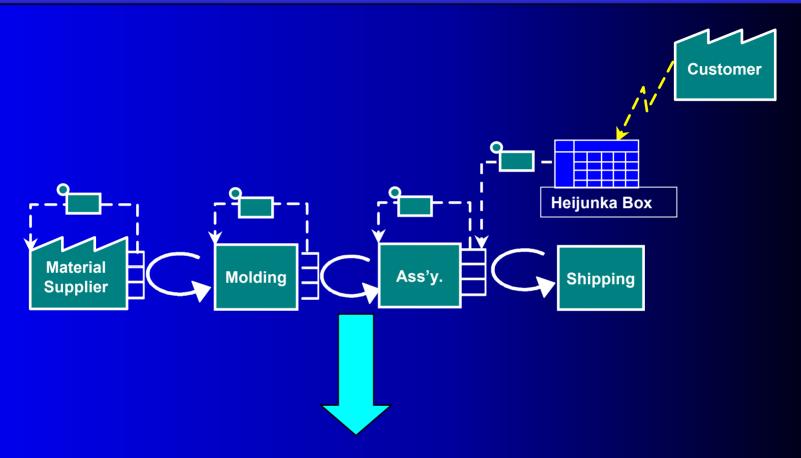




Making the System Connection



System Supports the Process



Creates the condition for the operator to produce what is needed, how many needed, when needed

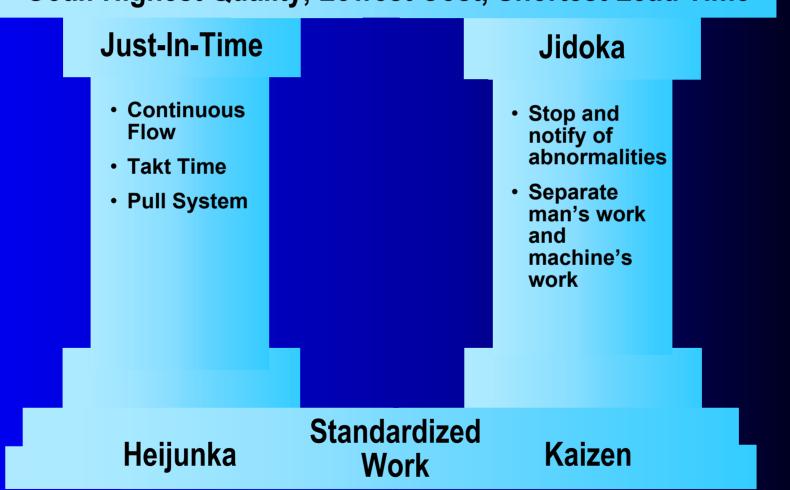


Foundation to TPS — Heijunka, Standardized Work and Kaizen

Heijunka Standardized Work Kaizen

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Goal: Highest Quality, Lowest Cost, Shortest Lead Time



Leadership Characteristics for TPS



1. Think deeply

- -- Genchi Genbutsu
- -- Think deeply on what you see Immediately try your idea

2. Do small and gradually

-- Relating the manufacturing method to the people's work

3. Always question "What's next

-- Don't dwell on how much better we are but how much farther we have to go